



Platelet Rich Plasma (PRP) Guidelines

Version 1

Issue Date: 01/02/2014

Effective Date: 01/04/2014

Health Policies and Standards Department Health Regulation Sector (2014)





These guidelines may be reproduced in whole or in part for reading or study purposes subject to the inclusion of an acknowledgement of the source. Reproduction for purposes other than those indicated above requires a written permission of the Dubai Health Authority (DHA).





Table of Contents

Scope	4
•	
Purpose	4
Definitions	4
Acronyms	5
Introduction	<i>6</i>
PRP practicing Physician Requirements	<i>6</i>
Training Requirements	<i>6</i>
Application Procedure	7
Procedure Requirements	8
Infection Control	8
General Considerations	9
endix 1. Consent Form	. 10
References	. 12
•	Acronyms





I. Scope

These guidelines apply to any facility of Dubai Healthcare Sector, subject to licensure under Dubai Health Authority (DHA) establishment law and who want to provide Platelet Rich Plasma (PRP) treatment in the Emirate of Dubai.

This document shall be implemented in accordance to the Policy On Practising New Clinical Procedures.

DHA has the right to amend this document stipulated herein without prior notice; the latest version of the guidelines shall be published on the DHA website www.dha.gov.ae.

II. Purpose

DHA is the sole responsible entity for ensuring that all health facilities and healthcare professionals in the Emirate of Dubai provide the highest level of safety and quality patient care at all times. These guidelines outline the basic mandatory requirements for a facility and healthcare professionals to be able to provide PRP treatment.

III. Definitions

Dubai Healthcare Sector: All health facilities that fall under governmental, semi-governmental, private and facilities operating in free zone areas excluding Dubai Healthcare Authority (DHCA).

Healthcare professional: healthcare personal working in healthcare facilities and required to be licensed as per the applicable laws in United Arab Emirates.

Patient: individual who receives medical attention, care or treatment by any healthcare professional or admitted in a health facility.

Platelet Rich Plasma: a therapy using blood with high levels of Platelets containing growth factors for acceleration in healing and regeneration.





Licensure: issuing a license to operate a health facility to an individual, government, corporation, partnership, Limited Liability Company (LLC), or other form of business operation that is legally responsible for the facility's operation.

IV. Acronyms

CT : Computed Tomography

DHA : Dubai Health Authority

DHCA: Dubai Healthcare Authority

FDA : Food and Drug Administration

HRD: Health Regulation Department

LLC: Limited Liability Company

MRI: Magnetic Resonance Imaging

NSAIDs: Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

PRP: Platelet Rich Plasma

UAE : United Arab Emirates

SME : Subject Matter Experts





1. Introduction

DHA has developed these guidelines to assist health facilities and healthcare professionals in performing safe procedures, promote patient education and define the scope and anticipated effects of Platelet Rich Plasma (PRP) treatment.

2. PRP practicing Physician Requirements

Any physician willing to practice PRP must be:

- 2.1 DHA licensed.
- 2.2 Provide evidence of training
- 2.3 Shall be specialized in one of the following fields:
 - 2.3.1 Orthopedics
 - 2.3.2 Sports Medicine
 - 2.3.3 Dermatology
 - 2.3.4 Plastic Surgery
 - 2.3.5 Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery

Note: Any other specialty who applies for this medical procedure will be reviewed case by case and will be asked for evidence of training and experience.

3. Training Requirements

- 3.1 The physician must have:
 - 3.1.1 Appropriate knowledge about diagnosis, standard treatments, benefits, risks, methods of preparation and applying to the appropriate patient in the appropriate situation.
 - 3.1.2 Training and understanding of appropriate graft selection and preparation of such a graft with or without additive supports (calcium, thrombin, etc.).
 - 3.1.3 Training and expertise for the use of guidance technology (i.e. CT, fluoroscopic, ultrasound, etc.) either through residency, fellowship, sufficient post-graduate training program.





- 3.1.4 Training by the manufacturer of the equipment and maintain evidence of the same.
- 3.1.5 Ability to determine the appropriate indication and contraindications for PRP use.
- 3.1.6 Training in the recognition and management of any complications.
- 3.1.7 Training with use of proper pain management strategies for post-procedure pain control.
- 3.1.8 Competency to optimize patient outcome by use of adjunctive bracing, physical therapy, medications and other strategies.
- 3.2 The assistant shall undergo certified training and maintain its evidence.

4. Application Procedure

- 4.1 The procedure requires the physician and an assistant to aid in preparation of a PRP graft, maintenance of aseptic technique and saving images on ultrasound (if applicable).
- 4.2 Pre-procedure considerations:
 - 4.2.1 Specific indication correlated with physical exam and confirmed with imaging studies such as x-ray, ultrasound, MRI, or CT scan prior to treatment.
 - 4.2.2 Appropriate patient education and discussion with an informed consent signed prior to the initiation of the procedure.
 - 4.2.3 Contraindications to the procedure are reviewed prior to initiation, discussed and approved by the patient.
 - 4.2.4 Analgesics (no NSAIDs) or anxiolytics have to be administered, if applicable.
- 4.3 The physician must explain clearly the risks, benefits, expected course, follow-up and acceptable activities to the patient.





5. Procedure Requirements

- 5.1 PRP machines used in facilities must be from approved vendors.
- 5.2 PRP procedure shall be practiced using standardised and approved equipment or kits.
- 5.3 PRP should be obtained using a separating device designed for autologous blood.
- 5.4 Special attention should be paid to the sterility of the product, sterility of technique and specialized sterile kits should be used.
- 5.5 A closed system that prevents exposure of the blood and cellular components to the open air in the room and allows for minimal manipulation of the tissue shall be used.
- 5.6 Informed Consent form must be made available to the patient before the procedure.
 The consent form must contain all the fields identified in the sample Consent Form
 (please refer to Appendix 1).
- 5.7 Each patients sample should be labelled with name and patient's file number.
- 5.8 The PRP procedure including; blood drawing, centrifugation and administering the final product must be done in the same room where the patient is present.
- 5.9 All patients have to fill a "Patient Feedback Form" to give us heir opinion on the PRP treatment provided.

6. Infection Control

- 6.1 Hygiene is of prime importance to avoid and protect both client and operator from disease transmission. The infection control procedures shall abide by those mentioned in the "Hospital Regulation" or "Outpatient Care Facility Regulation" that can be accessed via www.dha.gov.ae in addition to the special precautions related to the PRP procedure.
- 6.2 Special infection control measures may include but not limited to:
 - 6.2.1 Sterile single use needles and syringes should be used with appropriate handling and disposal.
 - 6.2.2 Aseptic conditions in the area that the procedure is conducted.
 - 6.2.3 Disposable gloves must be worn at all times during the treatment and the cleaning process.





- 6.2.4 All disposable items used during the treatment must be discarded in a specialized medical waste bag.
- 6.2.5 Hands must be scrubbed between treatments.

7. General Considerations

- 7.1 The patient must be aware of all other alternatives treatment procedure. This shall be documented in the patient's health record in the health facility.
- 7.2 The health facility shall:
 - 7.2.1 Maintain effective Preventive Maintenance (PM) for each medical equipment used for PRP treatment as per the manufacturer recommendations.
 - 7.2.2 Contract with a specialized and quality approved company to regularly collect, transport and destroy medical waste materials according to the conditions issued by Public Health Department in Dubai Municipality.
 - 7.2.3 Provide information required by DHA for auditing purpose.
- 7.3 Promotions and advertisements for the PRP treatment shall be approved by the Ministry of Health (MOH).

Platelet Rich Plasma Guideline





Appendix 1. Consent Form (sample)

Informed Consent Form For Patients Under	rgoing Platelet Rich Pla	ısma (PRP) '	Treatment
(Name of Healthcare Professional)			
(Name of Health Facility)			
(Name of Patient) This Informed Consent Form has two parts: • Information Sheet (to share information about to the consent of Consent (for signatures if you agree)	the treatment with you)		
You will be given a copy of the full Informed Consent F	<i>Corm</i>		
PART I: Information Sheet			
Introduction:			
I, Dr	with license No:	S	shall be
performing the PRP treatment on Miss/Mrs./Mr.		aged	years,
on date			•
Description of the Process			
Describe to the patient or customer, what will happen on	a sten-hy-sten hasis. The n	atient shall he	informed that
procedure is newly introduced and the amount of support			miorined that
Side Effects	ing research and study avai	naoic.	
Potential patients should be told if there are any known o	r anticipated side effects ar	nd what will h	appen in the ever
of a side effect or an unexpected event.	- william parco 5100 0110015 wi	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Risks			
Explain and describe any possible or anticipated risks. D	escribe the level of care tha	at will be avail	able in the event
that harm does occur, who will provide it, and who will p			
Complications	•		
Inform and explain any possible complications like (but a nerve injuries that could be caused as a result of the PRP	•	ndon rupture,	tissue damage,
Discomforts		4.44.4	. 1
Explain and describe the type and source of any anticipat	ed discomforts that are in a	iddition to the	side effects and
risks discussed above.			
Benefits Mention only those activities that will be actual benefits	of the DRP treatment		
Confidentiality	of the FRF treatment.		
Explain how the clinical team will maintain the confident	tiality of data, especially w	ith respect to t	the information
about the patient.		•	
Right to Refuse treatment/procedure			
This is a reconfirmation that the patient has the right to re	efuse the treatment.		
Alternatives to clinical procedure or treatment			
It is important to explain and describe the established star	ndard treatment or procedu	re for the patie	ent's condition.

Platelet Rich Plasma Guideline





PART II: Certificate of Consent

This section can be written in the first person. It should include a few brief statements about the treatment and be followed by a statement similar to the one in bold below. The healthcare professional performing the PRP treatment and the person going over the informed consent must sign the consent.

Example:

Patient Consent statement

I have read the foregoing information, or it has been read to me. I have had the opportunity to ask questions about it and any questions that I have asked have been answered to my satisfaction. I consent voluntarily to try this new treatment and understand that I have the right to withdraw from the procedure or treatment at any time without in any way affecting my medical care.

without in any way affecting my medical care.	nem ai any mie
Name of Patient:	
Signature of Patient:	
Date:	
Witness statement	
I have accurately read or witnessed the accurate reading of the consent form to the potential patient	ıt, and the
individual has had the opportunity to ask questions. I confirm that the individual has given consent	freely.
Name of witness:	
Signature of witness:	
Date:	
Healthcare Professional Declaration:	
	d the standard
I have adequately explained to the patient about the procedure along with risks, adverse effects and alternatives that are available for the procedure. I have permitted time and opportunity for the pati	
	ent to ask
questions and all questions have been answered to my knowledge	
Name of healthcare professional:	
Signature of healthcare professional:	
Date:	





8. References

- Guidelines for the Use of Platelet Rich Plasma; The International Cellular Medical Society
- Platelet Rich Plasma (PRP) Injection- Information and Instructions for Patients;
 Standford School of Medicine;
 http://stanfordhospital.org/clinicsmedServices/medicalServices/imaging/docs/PRP_B
 eaulieu%20Letter.pdf
 ; 19th June 2014
- 3. Platelet-rich plasma: Can docs, hospitals, pro athletes be wrong?; Melanie D.G. Kaplan; January 14, 2010; Smart Planet http://www.smartplanet.com/blog/pure-genius/platelet-rich-plasma-can-docs-hospitals-pro-athletes-be-wrong/1519; September 1, 2013.
- 4. Is Platelet-Rich Plasma an Effective Healing Therapy? December 18th 2009; Scientific American; http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=platelet-rich-plasma-therapy-dennis-cardone-sports-medicine-injury; September 1, 2013.
- Platelet-Rich Plasma Injection for Chronic Achilles TendinopathyA Randomized Controlled Trial; The Journal of America Medical Association; January 13, 2010, Vol 303, No.2; http://jama.jamanetwork.com/article.aspx?articleid=185200, September 1, 2013.
- 6. Popular Blood Therapy May Not Work; Gina Kolata; The New York Times; January 12, 2010; http://www.nytimes.com/2010/01/13/health/13tendon.html?r=0, September 1, 2013.
- Autologous blood injection for tendinopathy; Issued: January 2013; National Institute
 for health and clinical excellence (NICE) interventional procedure guidance 438;
 http://www.nice.org.uk/nicemedia/live/11979/62470/62470.pdf; September 1, 2013.
- 8. Platelet-Rich Plasma Therapy for Knee Joint Problems: Review of the Literature, Current Practice and Legal Perspectives in Korea; Yong-Geun Park, MD, Seung Beom Han, MD, Sang Jun Song, MD, Tae Jin Kim, MD,3 and Chul-Won Ha, MD; PMC; US National Library of Medicine National Institute of Health; http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3374002/; September 1, 2013.





- CFR Code of Federal Regulations Title 21; U.S. Food and Drug Administration;
 April 1st , 2013
- 10. http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=64
 http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=64
 http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=64
 http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=64
 http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=64
 http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=64
 <a href="http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?cfdocs/cfcfr/CFR